

Megerlia truncata (Linnaeus, 1767)

(= *M. echinata*; *M. monstruosa*; *M. gigantea*; = *Pantellaria monstruosa*)



Figura 13: *Megerlia truncata* (Linnaeus, 1767) Nord

Sardegna - mm15x12

[http://www.naturamediterraneo.com/forum/topic.asp?](http://www.naturamediterraneo.com/forum/topic.asp?TOPIC_ID=72222)

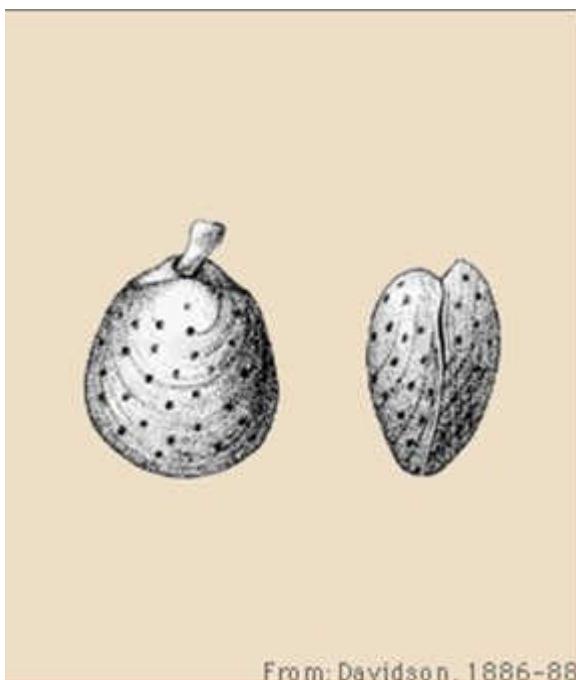
TOPIC_ID=72222

manca descr.



Figura 14:
[http://www.naturamediterraneo.com/forum/topic.asp
?TOPIC_ID=130062](http://www.naturamediterraneo.com/forum/topic.asp?TOPIC_ID=130062)

Gwynia capsula (Jeffreys, 1859)



From: Davidson, 1886-88

Figura 15: *Gwynia capsula* (Jeffreys, 1859)
[http://species-identification.org/species.php?
species_group=brachiopoda&menuentry=soorten&id=36
&tab=beschrijving](http://species-identification.org/species.php?species_group=brachiopoda&menuentry=soorten&id=36&tab=beschrijving)

Description:

Shell minute, ovate and globose, rounded anteriorly, longer than wide, broadest anteriorly; with a maximum length of 1.5 mm. The external surfaces are smooth save for faint concentric growth lines. It is white or yellowish in colour with large and well-spaced punctae. Dorsal valve convex, its posterior margin nearly straight. Ventral valve as deep, convex, with a slight umbo. The deltidial plates are small and do not join medianly; the pedicle foramen is relatively

large and incomplete.

Internal:

*Brachial support rudimentary; no median septum. Lophophore circular (with an antero-median break), attached to the dorsal mantle (*G. capsula internal*).*

Habitat:

*On stones and shells (often with *Argyrotheca cistellula*) on the bottom, or attached to shell-fragments and inside broken serpulid tubes in shell-gravel. It has been found in the intertidal and in shallow water (till 46 metres).*

Distribution:

Widely distributed: off the north coast of Ireland, Irish Sea and Western Approaches.

Bibliografía:

--*Benigni & Corselli, 1981-Chiave ai generi attuali mediterranei del Phylum Brachiopoda e loro ecologia.Bollettino Malacologico, XVII-n°3-4, pag.51-60.*

*TADDEI RUGGIERO E., 2000. A sample of *Frenulina sanguinolenta* in the Mediterranean Sea. The Brachidium, 1(1): 2-4.*

<http://species-identification.org/>

<http://www.naturamediterraneo.com/forum>

<http://microseashell.com/>